Dear Chair Warner and Chair Durbin:

This report is submitted in accordance with section 406 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (the Act), as amended, 50 U.S.C. § 1801 et seq. It provides information regarding applications to use pen register and/or trap and trace (PR/TT) devices conducted pursuant to the Act during the period from January 1, 2022, through June 30, 2022.

During this reporting period, the Government filed three applications\(^1\) with the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court (FISC) seeking authorization for the FBI to use PR/TT devices. The FISC approved all three PR/TT applications filed during the reporting period. The FISC did not deny in whole, or in part, any PR/TT applications during the reporting period. The FISC did not modify any of the proposed orders submitted to the FISC during the period covered by this report.\(^2\)

During this reporting period, the total number of persons targeted for PR/TT orders was between zero and 499.\(^3\) The aggregate number of United States persons targeted for PR/TT orders was between zero and 499. Of these United States persons, the number of United States persons whose information was reviewed or accessed by a federal officer, employee, or agent was between zero and 499.

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\(^1\) In keeping with the Department’s historical reporting practice, the number of applications listed in this report refers to applications that were filed in signed, final form pursuant to Rule 9(b) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court Rules of Procedure. A “denial” refers to a judge’s formal denial of any such application; it does not include a proposed application submitted pursuant to Rule 9(a) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court Rules of Procedure for which the government did not subsequently submit a signed, final application pursuant to Rule 9(b).

\(^2\) A “modification” includes any substantive disparity between the authority requested by the Government in a final application filed pursuant to Rule 9(b) and the authority granted by the FISC. It does not include changes made by the government after the submission of a proposed application submitted pursuant to Rule 9(a).

\(^3\) The statistics reported in this paragraph are given in bands of 500 as directed by 50 U.S.C. § 1846(b)(6).
The Attorney General\(^4\) approved the use of zero PR/TT devices on an emergency basis pursuant to 50 U.S.C. § 1843 during the reporting period.

We hope that this information is helpful. Please do not hesitate to contact this office if we may provide additional assistance regarding this or any other matter.

Sincerely,

CHRISTINA CALCE

Christina M. Calce
Deputy Assistant Attorney General

cc:

The Honorable Marco Rubio
Vice Chair
Select Committee on Intelligence
United States Senate

The Honorable Charles Grassley
Ranking Member
Committee on the Judiciary
United States Senate

\(^4\) FISA defines the “Attorney General” to mean the Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney General, Acting Attorney General, or Assistant Attorney General for National Security. 50 U.S.C. § 1801(g).
The Honorable Michael Turner  
Chair  
Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence  
U.S. House of Representatives  
Washington, DC 20515  

Dear Chair Turner:  

This report is submitted in accordance with section 406 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (the Act), as amended, 50 U.S.C. § 1801 et seq. It provides information regarding applications to use pen register and/or trap and trace (PR/TT) devices conducted pursuant to the Act during the period from January 1, 2022, through June 30, 2022.

During this reporting period, the Government filed three applications with the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court (FISC) seeking authorization for the FBI to use PR/TT devices. The FISC approved all three PR/TT applications filed during the reporting period. The FISC did not deny in whole, or in part, any PR/TT applications during the reporting period. The FISC did not modify any of the proposed orders submitted to the FISC during the period covered by this report.

During this reporting period, the total number of persons targeted for PR/TT orders was between zero and 499. The aggregate number of United States persons targeted for PR/TT orders was between zero and 499. Of these United States persons, the number of United States persons whose information was reviewed or accessed by a federal officer, employee, or agent was between zero and 499.

1 In keeping with the Department’s historical reporting practice, the number of applications listed in this report refers to applications that were filed in signed, final form pursuant to Rule 9(b) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court Rules of Procedure. A “denial” refers to a judge’s formal denial of any such application; it does not include a proposed application submitted pursuant to Rule 9(a) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court Rules of Procedure for which the government did not subsequently submit a signed, final application pursuant to Rule 9(b).

2 A “modification” includes any substantive disparity between the authority requested by the Government in a final application filed pursuant to Rule 9(b) and the authority granted by the FISC. It does not include changes made by the government after the submission of a proposed application submitted pursuant to Rule 9(a).

3 The statistics reported in this paragraph are given in bands of 500 as directed by 50 U.S.C. § 1846(b)(6).
The Attorney General\(^4\) approved the use of zero PR/TT devices on an emergency basis pursuant to 50 U.S.C. § 1843 during the reporting period.

We hope that this information is helpful. Please do not hesitate to contact this office if we may provide additional assistance regarding this or any other matter.

Sincerely,

Slade Bond

N. Slade Bond II
Deputy Assistant Attorney General

cc:

The Honorable Jim Himes
Ranking Member
Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

\(^4\) FISA defines the "Attorney General" to mean the Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney General, Acting Attorney General, or Assistant Attorney General for National Security. 50 U.S.C. § 1801(g).
Dear Chair Jordan:

This report is submitted in accordance with section 406 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (the Act), as amended, 50 U.S.C. § 1801 et seq. It provides information regarding applications to use pen register and/or trap and trace (PR/TT) devices conducted pursuant to the Act during the period from January 1, 2022, through June 30, 2022.

During this reporting period, the Government filed three applications with the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court (FISC) seeking authorization for the FBI to use PR/TT devices. The FISC approved all three PR/TT applications filed during the reporting period. The FISC did not deny in whole, or in part, any PR/TT applications during the reporting period. The FISC did not modify any of the proposed orders submitted to the FISC during the period covered by this report.

During this reporting period, the total number of persons targeted for PR/TT orders was between zero and 499. The aggregate number of United States persons targeted for PR/TT orders was between zero and 499. Of these United States persons, the number of United States persons whose information was reviewed or accessed by a federal officer, employee, or agent was between zero and 499.

The Attorney General approved the use of zero PR/TT devices on an emergency basis pursuant to 50 U.S.C. § 1843 during the reporting period.

1 In keeping with the Department’s historical reporting practice, the number of applications listed in this report refers to applications that were filed in signed, final form pursuant to Rule 9(b) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court Rules of Procedure. A “denial” refers to a judge’s formal denial of any such application; it does not include a proposed application submitted pursuant to Rule 9(a) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court Rules of Procedure for which the government did not subsequently submit a signed, final application pursuant to Rule 9(b).
2 A “modification” includes any substantive disparity between the authority requested by the Government in a final application filed pursuant to Rule 9(b) and the authority granted by the FISC. It does not include changes made by the government after the submission of a proposed application submitted pursuant to Rule 9(a).
3 The statistics reported in this paragraph are given in bands of 500 as directed by 50 U.S.C. § 1846(b)(6).
4 FISA defines the “Attorney General” to mean the Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney General, Acting Attorney General, or Assistant Attorney General for National Security. 50 U.S.C. § 1801(g).
We hope that this information is helpful. Please do not hesitate to contact this office if we may provide additional assistance regarding this or any other matter.

Sincerely,

Slade Bond

N. Slade Bond II
Deputy Assistant Attorney General

cc:

The Honorable Jerrold Nadler
Ranking Member
Committee on the Judiciary
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515